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1. COUNTRY: KHMER REPUBLIC 2. SUBJECT: Issue No. 5 of "Polakor Padivot" ((Revolutionary Laborers)) and a propaganda pamphlet published by the Red Khmer Special Region. (U) 3. ISC NUMBER: A135.563	8. REPORT NUMBER: 6 028 0194 72 9. DATE OF REPORT: 9 May 1972 10. NO. OF PAGES: 1 11. REFERENCES: DIRM 6B7c 12. ORIGINATOR: COMUSMACV (CDEC) <i>Kelso C. Horne Jr.</i> 13. PREPARED BY: KELSO C. HORNE, JR., CPT, USA CHIEF, PROD DIV, US ELM, CDEC 14. APPROVING AUTHORITY: <i>for Kelso C. Horne Jr. CPT</i> JOHN J. TREADWELL IPI, LTC, USA DIRECTOR, US ELM, CDEC		
4. DATE OF INFORMATION: 31 January 1972; 27 January 1972 5. PLACE AND DATE OF ACQ: VS; 24-27 February 1972 6. EVALUATION: SOURCE <u>B</u> INFORMATION <u>3</u> 7. SOURCE: CAPTURED ENEMY DOCUMENT			
15. SUMMARY:			
(U) This report contains information obtained from enemy documents and concerns a statement in "Special News" form and a propaganda pamphlet. The statement, dated 31 January 1972, deals with the escape of Prince Phourissara to the Red Khmer liberated area. The propaganda pamphlet, undated, was prepared by an unidentified agency ((possibly of the Red Khmer Special Region)) and deals with political maneuvers between the US and Red Khmer Governments. It includes a list of ministers to the Royal Coalition Government of the Khmer Republic. ----- (C) CDEC COMMENT: These documents were captured on 24-27 February 1972 in the Khmer Republic (VT972152-WT082195; Takeo Province) by the 93rd and 42nd Ranger Bns., RVNAF IV Corps. The documents were received at CDEC on 11 April 1972, and were summarized in Bulletin Number 48,602, dated 14 April 1972, under Items 3-4 of four items of CDEC Document Log Number 04-1409-72. Translation was requested by JUSPAO, Vietnam. THIS DOCUMENT AND INCLOSURE, LESS CAPTURE DATA; ALL REFERENCES TO THE COMBINED DOCUMENT EXPLOITATION CENTER (CDEC) TO INCLUDE PERSONNEL, COMMENTS, AND LOG NUMBERS; US REMARKS INDICATED BY DOUBLE PARENTHESES, I.E., (()); AND DECIPHERING OF CODE WORDS, COVER DESIGNATIONS, AND ENEMY UNITS, WAS DECLASSIFIED ON 9 MAY 1972 BY <i>[Signature]</i> DTR.			

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Special News: (Broadcast by the Front Radio)

Prince Phourissara Arrives in the Liberated Area

Prince Phourissara, the former Foreign Minister of the Royal Government of the Khmer Republic during the period before the coup d'etat on 18 Mar 70, with the help of the people and the agency of the National Front of the ((Red)) Khmers in Phnom Penh, made his escape from the area under the temporary control of Lon Nol, Sirik Matak, and Son Ngoc Thanh, and arrived in the liberated area safely where he was cheerfully welcomed by the people and members of the Front agencies on 15 Jan 72.

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This event implies the broad composition of the National United Front of the ((Red)) Khmers, a composition comprising people of all walks of life from workers to intellectuals and patriotic members of the royal family who work together harmoniously in order to liberate the people from the control of the traitors Lon Nol, Sirik Matak, and Son Ngoc Thanh. On the other hand, it illustrates the successful policy of the National United Front of the ((Red)) Khmers, led by Chairman Norodom Sihanouk. This is also a shameful defeat for the American imperialists and their lackeys Lon Nol, Sirik Matik, and Son Ngoc Thanh.

Long live the National United Front of the ((Red)) Khmers!

((Cover sheet of the original text))

Statement
of

The Royal Coalition Government of the Khmer Republic
(Element Operating in Khmer)
Denouncement of the Deceitful Political and Diplomatic
Maneuvers of the President of the United States

Mr Nixon

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Venerable Monks! Dear Compatriots!

Tactically speaking, it is obvious that the enemy can find no way to get out of the dilemma of serious defeat. The American imperialists and the clique of traitors in Phnom Penh should have seen by themselves what has happened to Operation "Chenla 2". The defeats on Roads 6 and 7, in the north and west of Phnom Penh Capital, in Dambe, Vat Thmei, Tual Leap, and Chup have forced the Saigon Puppets ((RVNAF)) to withdraw their troops from Krek and a number of other places in the Khmer Republic. Their military, political, and economic crises are

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growing worse and causing the traitors in Phnom Penh, the Puppets in Saigon, and the American imperialists in SVN as well as in the Khmer Republic, to become immobilized. The Thai Puppets in Bangkok, the Australians, and the New Zealanders were called to help them in the Khmer Republic. More military and economic aid have been used to prolong the life of Lon Nol, Sirik Matak, and Són Ngoc Thanh. No matter how hard the American imperialists and traitors in Phnom Penh try to carry out their deceitful political methods, they cannot avoid a failure, particularly in 1972, which will be more serious than that of 1971. The serious situation of the

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traitors and the American imperialists was resolved by Nixon in only one way. This was to resort to deceitful political and diplomatic maneuvers to solve the problem. However, this scheme did not bring good results. The National United Front of ((Red)) Khmer and the Royal Coalition Government of the Khmer Republic successfully thwarted it everywhere, inside as well as outside the Khmer Republic. Nevertheless, the American imperialists and their servants repeated the same political and diplomatic efforts in order to deceive the National United Front of the ((Red)) Khmers; the Royal Government of the Khmer Republic; the people of the Khmer Republic; and the people of the world, including American people, as their time and patience became short.

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Their main purpose was to find ways to delay the offensive of the Liberation Armed Forces of the Khmer Republic and of the people of the Khmer Republic in order to stall for time in order to make military, political, and economic preparations to launch a retaliatory move. Thus, in the past, the enemy has employed various tricky schemes, as for example, the ((proposal)) for an in-place cease-fire; peaceful negotiation; partitioning of the Khmer Republic; reunification between the clique of Lon Nol, Sirik Matak, and Són Ngoc Thanh and the National United Front of ((Red)) Khmers; and many other political and secret diplomatic maneuvers. At present, such tricky schemes are being widely used again at home in Phnom Penh as well as abroad. Emoury Soin ((sic))

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the American Ambassador, is being very active with these plans in Phnom Penh, while Nixon and his henchmen are keenly carrying out these tricky plans abroad.

Venerable Monks! Dear compatriots!

The traitors Lon Nol, Sirik Matak, and Són Ngoc Thanh and their master, the American imperialists, conducted a coup d'etat to depose Prince Sihanouk from the position of Chief of State of the Khmer Republic; to destroy the independence, peace, and neutrality of our country; and to wage a war of aggression against our country. The war has taken hundreds of thousands of

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lives, including thousands of monks, and has caused the ravishment of Khmer girls and the plunder and destruction of the people's property. The earth is stained with the blood of our Buddhist monks, people, young men, young girls and children. Hundreds of thousands of our children are forced to live under bad conditions.

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The traitors who owe us this debt of blood are awaiting our people to punish them. Still they do not give up their plan to cheat us. They pretend to raise peace flags as a trick to create a chance to regain their strength and kill our monks and our people again. After an extraordinary conference held in the liberated

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areas, all the ministers of the Royal Coalition Government (who operate as Khmer Republic command cadre of the National United Front of ((Red)) Khmers), and the Khmer Liberation Army Forces have unanimously made known to the public our political posture as follows:

1. We are determined to struggle without negotiation until the military forces, including ground, air, and naval forces, and military advisors of the American imperialists and the Saigon and Bangkok lackeys, are completely removed from the Khmer Republic.

2. We are determined to completely annihilate the forces of the traitorous Lon Nol, Sirik Matak, and Son Ngoc Thanh who are the feudal servants of the American imperialists.

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3. We will build a new Khmer Republic of independence, peace, neutrality, real democracy, and territorial integrity.

The Royal Coalition Government of the Khmer Republic, the National United Front of the ((Red)) Khmers, the Khmer Liberation Armed Forces, the five million people living in liberated areas, and the majority of the people living in areas temporarily controlled by the enemy, including monks and laity, solemnly denounce the deceitful, political, and diplomatic schemes of the American imperialists and their lackeys, while at the same time they are heightening the spirit of struggle to completely thwart the enemy plan. The National United Front of the ((Red)) Khmers and the Royal Coalition

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Government of the Khmer Republic (element operating in Khmer as well as the element operating abroad) unanimously agree upon the aforementioned decision and pledge to struggle to achieve complete victory.

Long live the valiant Khmer people!

Long live the National United Front of the ((Red)) Khmers!

Long live the People's Liberation Armed Forces of the Khmer Republic!

Down with the American imperialist aggressors and the traitors!

Liberated Area of the Khmer Republic
26 January 1972
Royal Coalition Government of the
Khmer Republic.
Element Operating in Khmer

Khieu Somphon: Deputy Premier, concurrently Defense Minister and
Commander-in-Chief of the People's Liberation Armed Forces of the Khmer
Republic

Hou Yon: Minister of the Interior, concurrently Minister of Rural Reform
and Cooperatives

Hou Nim: Minister of Information and Propaganda

Kong Suphol: Deputy Minister for National Defense

Chou Chet: Deputy Minister for Public Health and Religious
Affairs

Khieu Thirith: Deputy Minister for Indoctrination of People
and Youths

Pok Dekumar: Deputy Minister for Foreign Affairs

Tiv OL: Deputy Minister for Information and Propaganda

Kouy Thuon: Deputy Minister for Finance and Economy

Sok Thuok: Deputy Minister for National Security

(27 Jan 72)

----- END OF TRANSLATION -----